

Mohammad Ali Rezaei
Tehran, Iran

To: The Honorable Chief Justice of the United States
Supreme Court of the United States
1 First Street, NE
Washington, D.C. 20543
United States of America

Subject: A Letter to the Judiciary of the United States

Your Excellency,

With all due respect, I am writing to you as a citizen of the Islamic Republic of Iran. Through my studies and research, I have come to understand that the judiciary of the United States holds a high level of credibility worldwide. Not only do the American people respect the judges and the judicial system, but other nations also hold the U.S. judiciary in high regard. Many people around the world wish that their own judiciary systems and judges would function as fairly and independently as those in the United States. The fact that the U.S. judiciary holds power even over the American government, ensuring that even the President is subject to judicial rulings, is a source of admiration. Such a structure within a government is a model of pride and excellence, and we hope that one day all nations can benefit from a similar system, ensuring that governments do not violate the social rights of their people and that everyone can live in peace and security.

However, as an Iranian citizen, I am puzzled as to why the judiciary and honorable judges of the United States remain indifferent to the injustices and oppression committed by U.S. administrations against other nations, including Iran. It appears that in every case, the judiciary of the United States supports and endorses the injustices and crimes committed by U.S. governments against Iran.

Could it be that U.S. judges, because they receive their salaries from the American government, are unable to rule fairly and impartially on international matters? If so, does this mean that justice in the United States is subject to the conditions and desires of the sitting President?

Since the 1979 Iranian Revolution, successive U.S. administrations have continually subjected Iran and its people to unjust and baseless oppression. The list of significant injustices is long, and these actions have resulted in losses amounting to thousands of billions of dollars, in addition to causing severe psychological distress to the Iranian people. Unfortunately, these injustices have persisted for the past 46 years.

Does the U.S. judiciary lack the willingness or the ability to prevent American presidents from committing such injustices abroad? Is the judiciary itself a supporter and protector of oppressive U.S. administrations in their actions against other countries?

Finally, if the Iranian people were to file an official complaint against the U.S. government—specifically against President Donald Trump—for the injustices, sanctions, and damages inflicted upon us, would your esteemed judiciary have the jurisdiction to address the matter, halt the injustices, and restore the losses suffered by Iran? If the answer is no, then which authority should the Iranian people turn to in order to seek justice for the wrongs committed by the U.S. government in a fair and impartial manner?

I sincerely appreciate your time and consideration in addressing these concerns.

Respectfully,
Mohammad Ali Rezaei
A Citizen of Iran